

Exercise 35

Find the derivative of the function.

$$y = \cos\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right)$$

Solution

Take the derivative using the quotient rule and the chain rule.

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left[\cos\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \right] \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}} \right) \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{\left[\frac{d}{dx}(1 - e^{2x})\right](1 + e^{2x}) - \left[\frac{d}{dx}(1 + e^{2x})\right](1 - e^{2x})}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{\left[(-e^{2x}) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x)\right](1 + e^{2x}) - \left[(e^{2x}) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x)\right](1 - e^{2x})}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{\left[(-e^{2x}) \cdot (2)\right](1 + e^{2x}) - \left[(e^{2x}) \cdot (2)\right](1 - e^{2x})}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{-2e^{2x}[(1 + e^{2x}) + (1 - e^{2x})]}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \\&= -\sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{-2e^{2x}(2)}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \\&= \frac{4e^{2x}}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} \sin\left(\frac{1 - e^{2x}}{1 + e^{2x}}\right)\end{aligned}$$